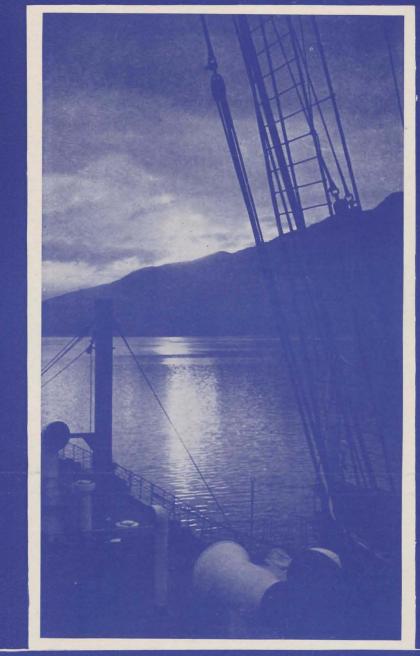
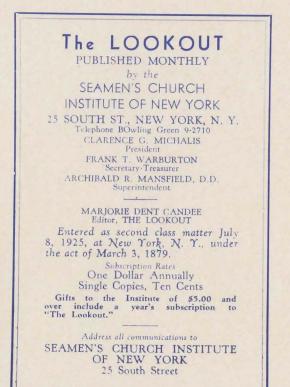
# **GheLOOKOUT**



VOLUME XXIII SEAMEN'S CHURCH INSTITUTE OF NEW YORK

NOVEMBER 1932

This month's cover was photographed by Burton Holmes, from Ewing Galloway. It is a Norwegian Fjord, the longest and most varied in the world, stretching inland 136 miles.



#### LEGACIES TO THE INSTITUTE

You are asked to remember this Institute in your will, that it may properly carry on its important work for seamen. While it is advisable to consult your lawyer as to the drawing of your will, we submit nevertheless the following as a clause that may be used:

give and bequeath to "Seamen's Church Institute Of New York," a corporation of the State of New York, located at 25 South 

land or any specific property such as bonds, stocks, etc., is given, a brief description of the property should be inserted instead of the words, "the sum of......Dollars."

It is to the generosity of numerous donors and testators that the Institute owes its present position, and for their benefactions their memory will ever be cherished by all friends of the seaman.

## The Lookout

VOL. XXIII	NOVEMBER, 1932	No. 10
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SHIP AHOY!



Mr. Salvage, Captain Huntington and Cadets Aboard the "Colleen."

delightful day to be on the water. The good ship Colleen, with a cargo of lively, laughing, young embarked from a City Island pier on an all-day cruise. This day's outing was made possible through the generosity of the Colleen's owner, Mr. Samuel Salvage, a member of the Institute's Board of Managers.

T was a beautiful October Mr. Salvage was a charming morning with just enough host, and very graciously concrispness in the air to make it a sented to let "The Lookout" Editor come along on the cruise, too. Captain Huntington and his twenty-five Cadets soon made Merchant Marine School Cadets, themselves at home in the pilot house where members of the Colleen's crew, in particular Captain Atkinson, gave them an opportunity to put into practice the principles of navigation which they had studied in the Merchant Marine School atop

the Institute. It was really great way into the lovely dining room (a strictly nautical term which can best be understood if you are a "Cadet"!)

In between the serious business of instruction by Captain Huntington and Captain Atkinson, the Cadets made themselves acquainted with the yacht from bow to stern and from engine room to sun deck. At eight bells (which for the benefit of the land lubber we will interpret as twelve o'clock) a young sailor in an immaculate white uniform appeared and announced that luncheon was ready. Our host led the

The Colleen came to anchor Off a City Island Pier For boys who would be captains Providing they could steer.

The Colleen never rolled a bit, And OH, how they did eat. The cook he nearly had a fit For they kept him on his feet.

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fun to watch these lads poring where a sumptuous feast awaited over maps and charts and com- the band of hungry navigators. passes, to say nothing of observ- Mr. Salvage soon made all the ing them "shooting the sun" as, boys feel at home so that none with their sextants, they brought of them held back when he the sun down upon the horizon urged them to have "seconds" and even "thirds" on the chicken salad

> The Colleen cruised along the Long Island shore, stopping at the Seawanaka Corinthian Yacht Club and, before returning to Jacob's Ship Yard, Captain Huntington made a splendid "thank you" speech in behalf of himself and the Cadets. In fact, he was inspired by the generous hospitality of Mr. Salvage to write a poem which we reproduce here for the benefit of "Lookout" readers.

The latitude was right For the boys did take a sight When the sun was shining bright As it came down in that bight.

They liked to steer and practice And better seamen they will be When Uncle Sam says, "Get your packs And come along with me.'



The Yacht "Colleen"

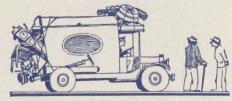
#### AUTO ACCIDENTS

people are killed each year in automobile accidents than the total number dying of heart disease, tuberculosis and cancer during the same period. It does seem as though our seamen were particularly unfortunate with automobiles. The hazards at sea do not seem to trouble them so much as the hazard of dodging traffic in crowded New York thoroughfares. Just recently we had three such catastrophies. Thomas I., a steward, age 61, was struck by a motor truck while attempting to hitchhike his way from New York to Boston. His leg and head were injured. Blood poison set in the leg and a tumor formed at the base of the skull. There is always a long wait until legal difficulties can be adjusted and compensation collected, so the Institute befriended Thomas during the interval.

Then there was the tragic case of Floyd J., young A.B., who was unemployed and was receiving relief through the Joint Emergency Committee of Seamen's Welfare Agencies. He had made a desperate effort to get work, in vain, so he decided to return to his mother's farm in a little village in North Carolina and our relief agent advised him to go and offered to get him a railroad

TATISTICS show that more ticket. He refused, as a buddy of his had a motorcycle and told him he could ride on the back seat. Two months later our relief agent was spending his vacation in Durham, N. C. and he chanced to see Floyd along the main street, clad in shabby dungarees and hobbling on crutches with only one leg. The motorcycle, Floyd explained, had hit a truck (they were driving at night without lights) and he was taken to a tiny hospital in a rural vicinity where his leg was amputated. It was the first amputation in the history of the hospital. Floyd is now helping his mother run the farm. Neither the truck driver nor the motorcyclist carried insurance.

Arnold Y. was hit by a moving van at Third Avenue and 42nd Street and has spent four months in a marine hospital with a fractured hip. He hopes to study to become a radio operator with the compensation promised him. How inscrutable are the ways of Fate which permit a seaman to survive the storms and gales at sea only to precipitate him in front of a motor car!



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#### OUT OF THE HARBOR



**III** T was tough going for four months," said the sad-eyed young man in the immaculately clean shirt and carefully pressed suit. "I was injured in an auto accident on Third Avenue and I've just now been discharged from Marine Hospital."

It was our relief agent to whom Seaman George S. was telling his story. During April and May the Institute gave this quiet young man help in the form of meals and beds every day. Then he managed to ship out on a Mediterranean cruise as an "ordinary seaman".

He returned, paid all his debts. but seemed greatly depressed. His injured leg was healing slowly. A few weeks went by and his money was all spent. Rather than be a burden on his friends and the Institute, he took an overdose of sedative and jumped overboard from the Staten Island ferry. He was literally fished out of the harbor and our chaplain took him to Bellevue Hospital. The Institute arranged that he spend three weeks at Burke Foundation and here is his letter to our relief agent from that convalescent home where so many seamen have found new courage and incentive for living.

"This is a lovely place out here. Exercise, regular hours and good food have made quite some change in me. Optimism is creeping once more into my heart and if I only keep it up, I'm sure things will go well. My health is such now that I believe I could do most any work at once. I will prove to the Institute chaplain that they didn't pull me out of the harbor for nothing. I will always remember your kindness. I'm capable of baking, cooking, food control and stewardshipin a country hotel or institution. Do you have any connections which would help me in that direction?"

Out of the harbor and into life again!

#### BENEFIT NOTICE

As we go to press we are happy to announce that the net proceeds of our Eighth Annual Theatre Benefit totaled \$2,900.00.

seaman or fireman. His ships' landed and stranded.

he carried in a brown paper bag those real ones back home!"

#### "SAY IT WITH FLOWERS"

AMILO MON- to the Institute's third floor TANEZ, age 20, lobby, where he spread them out was paid off four on a table and began working. months ago. As his clever fingers fashioned Weary weeks of the red blossoms and leaves, a trudging from one group of sailormen gathered shipping company to another around his work table. Camilo convinced him that there was no speaks very little English, but he chance at the present time for understood enough to realize that him to ship out either as ordinary the men were not making fun of his efforts, but were encouraging discharge papers and letters from him. "Who will buy my flowformer captains and mates ers?" he asked in his broken showed that his seafaring record English, but there was no rewas excellent and that his char- sponse. So the clerk at our Inacter was good, and yet he is formation Desk got busy and found some buyers for Camilo's As he saw his savings dwindle paper flowers and now, until he away, he did not despair. "There gets a ship, he is managing to eke must be something I can do," he out a living by utilizing an old talent which he learned in a from out of the mists of memory, Porto Rican mission school years he recalled that as a child, he had ago. As he spoke of his home, developed remarkable skill mak- his eyes lit up with longing. "It ing paper flowers. So with his is the most beautiful place!" he last few dimes he purchased crepe declared. "I wish I could make paper, wire and oil paints. These my paper flowers as beautiful as

#### AMONG MEMORIALS AVAILABLE AT THE INSTITUTE ARE:

Seamen's Reading and Game Rooms	\$25,000.00
Cafeteria	. 15,000.00
Nurses' Room in Clinic	
Additional Clinic Rooms	
Chapel Memorial Windows	
Sanctuary and Chancel	5,000.00
Endowed Seamen's Rooms, each	
Officers' Rooms, each	1,500.00
Seamen's Rooms, with running water, each	
Seamen's Rooms, each	
Chapel Chairs, each	

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REMEMBER THE LONELY SAILOR THROUGH OUR HOLIDAY FUND

ALTER LIPPMANN

has well commented on the difficulty of keeping unemployed men hopeful and optimistic. To provide food is one thing, but the next thing is even harder: "to keep men from despair, from the hideous boredom of having nothing to do, from the crushing sense of not being wanted, of having no place in society and no work to do, of being a problem and not a human being—that is the real task of philanthropy in these long dreary days. And for that task extraordinary efforts will be required from the social agencies to provide entertainment, and interests, and sociability, and advice, and friendliness and all those imponderable necessities which help to keep men self-respectng and confident."

So our Holiday Fund serves a *two-fold* purpose: first, it feeds hungry men. Second, it imparts a spirit of cheerfulness and good fellowship which penetrates into the lonely hearts of these seafarers, renewing their faith in God and in man.

Before you sit down to enjoy your own holiday dinner, remember these sailors, and they will bless you for your generous thought. Please designate your checks for the HOLIDAY FUND, 25 South Street, New York, N. Y. T is said in the Bible that "Man cannot live by bread alone." A very true statement, but it is also true that man cannot live without bread. With the approach of the Holiday season, the Institute finds itself using all available funds to provide the necessary bread to feed hundreds of seamen totally dependent, entirely penniless, who seek shelter under our friendly roof.

We are considering the possibility of a turkey dinner for at least 1,614 of these sailors on Thanksgiving Day, and for another 1,614 on Christmas Day. How earnestly we hope and pray that our loyal friends will contribute generously to our Holiday Fund this year as they have done in the past!

The men themselves are not looking forward to these two great holidays in the year. They know that the Institute is low in funds and therefore they are not expecting us to carry on the custom of other and better years. Many have celebrated these holidays toiling on the high seas. But now the ships are tied up and the few men who have jobs will at. least be sure that their Captains will order extra helpings for the crews at Thanksgiving and Christmas. But without your gift, there will be no holiday dinners at all for the men stranded on shore, and certainly no extra helpings. With your gift, and that of other friends-well, that is a much happier prospect.

FOR SLCH AS THESE WE ASK YOUR AID

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10:10

#### IN THE S. C. I. MAIL BAG

#### To The Dentist.

DLEASE find enclosed fifty cents which I owe you for a cement filling. Much obliged for trusting me and thanking you kindly for all the good work you done on my teeth." The seaman who wrote this letter was a middle-aged Norwegian who came into our Dental Clinic one day. He was broke but was leaving on a long trip and needed to have a tooth filled. He offered the dentist 20 shares of an oil stock as security. We trusted the seaman without any security and our dentist put in a cement filling. A month later, the above letter and a money order for fifty cents arrived from Honolulu.

#### To the Baggage Master:

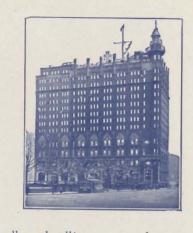
"I thank you for your letter re. my baggage. The suitcases arrived here safely and I wish to thank you and the Institute for your kindness in the matter. It is service like this that makes your organization appreciated and well spoken of by seamen all over the world.

#### To Mrs. Rober:

"I wish to thank you for your kind letter of the 23rd advising me that you had located my son. 'Thank You' is but a feeble expression of the heartfelt gratitude felt by both mother and father, to realize that he is alive. He has promised to write regularly, as you requested." This letter was from a Negro father who came in, with tears streaming down his face, to beg the Institute to find his son.

#### To the Lookout Editor:

for the Seamen's Church-The flying for this check."



gulls and rolling waves, whose twang one can almost hear, show the great talent of the artist-truly an inspiration, appealing to every sailor's heart -with its love for the sea. Kindly give Mr. Grant my congratulations."

To Dr. Mansfield:

I doubt whether there is not as much distress in West Texas as in New York, but I cheerfully make my usual contribution and trust that ] shall be able to respond to other calls. including a French war orphan's, as they arise.

This is a purely ranch country. raided by Indians not so many years ago and far removed from the sea (Lat. 31°N. Longitude 100'), but I read your reports with the greatest interest. It is splendid work and I hope you may be able to keep it up."

#### To Mr. Harry Forsyth:

"I am increasing my subscription out of gratitude to the seamen who "The September Lookout, with its recently brought me from Europe very attractive cover of the Altar through the roughest seas I have ever painting by the artist, Gordon Grant seen in 30 crossings. I am sorry my -is beautiful-and most appropriate absence in Europe kept you waiting

#### A WANDERING SAILOR POET

wanderer who

THE meter of the verse may not be across the country to New York and the most perfect in the world and eventually came to the Institute. Four the rhyming a bit strange. But con- times around the Seven Seas in twelve sider that the author is a young world vears without losing a pair of socks from his dunnage

bag. But while

hitch-hiking to

New York, Pitts-

iaac woke up in

Texarkana one

morning reduced

to his underwear.

a couple of letters

and a few sheafs

from the stack of

voluminous notes

and writings

which he has ac-

cumulated in his

wanderings. For

Pittsiaac is a poet

of sorts, and his

poems go down in

minute handwrit-

ing in his note-

books, along with

addresses, recipes,

went only as far as the fourth grade in school. Nelof D. Pittsiaac was born in Memphis 24 years ago. He made his first trip at three months' old when his parents moved to Indianapolis. Ind., and he has been traveling ever since.

Nelof's parents were killed in an accident when he was just a child and he was reared by friends. But his father and mother, natives of

Russia, had been wanderers, and they passed this restlessness of soul on to their child. So it was not unnatural that when Nelof was 12 he decided he had been tied down long enough and struck out for New York. There he landed a job as cabin boy on the old Baltic and made six trips to Europe before he again became restless and deserted the liner for two tramp steamers. Since then he has made four trips around the world. He has been an Alaskan fisherman. Always on the move, there still remained his ambition for an education. He spent those long hours off watch reading and jotting down his impressions in little notebooks.

From California he hitch-hiked faces and new inspiration.

DEFEAT. BY SEAMAN NELOF D. PITTSIAAC. "Lest some unrisen dawn of tenderness Impale the sable vestments of my heart.

I made your love, your words, your cares

Remain an unappreciated art. I hearkened to the throbbing chant of

blood Daring the ghostly darkness of my

heart:

I startled at its rhythmic thud . . . But from all this your love was held

abart. I thought this armor of indifference Would sure resist the spear heads of your love

I did not reckon on the violence Held in the frail wings of a cooing dove

Now since the glory of your victory Is not at all as sweet as my defeat

Are you to seek still more supremacy?

> ideas for inventions, anecdotes and mottoes. His gift for poetry remained but not his faith in human nature, shaken by the tricks of a fellow hiker whom he had picked up in Globe, Ariz., and with whom he had shared the last of a small amount of money.

> He put up with his friend at a hotel one night, and entrusted his two suits to his companion, bidding him have them cleaned. The man never returned. A kindly hotel manager helped Nelof out his plight. As you are reading this issue of "The Lookout," Nelof will be on his way to sea again, still seeking new places, new

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#### A SHIP ON BEAM ENDS

EDITOR'S NOTE: -- One of the Institute's Board members showed us a rare old book entitled "Voyages Around the World, which records the experiences of Captain Edmund Fanning on his voyage between 1792 and 1832 in command of the "Betsey." The following excerpt describes one of the experiences while on the vovage.

Captain Robinson having returned from London, and there being no further cause for delay, we soon had the ship ready for our homeward voyage: there were a few cabin, together with a large number of steerage passengers. engaged to go out with us. These last were mostly in families: and so soon as their various domestic and farming utensils, their provisions, and all their most needed articles for the new country, were duly stowed, we sailed for New York in ballast: the passage was unattended by anything more than that of usual occurrence. until our arrival at the eastern edge of the Grand Bank of Newfoundland. when, at about three bells, a. m., (half-past one) it blowing a violent gale, and a heavy sea running at the time, our ship then laying to under a reefed fore-course and mizen stay-sail. was struck by a mountainous sea. which broke on board, and knocked the ship over on her beam ends in such a manner as to bring the lower yardarms at the leeward in the water. shifting a part of the shingle ballast over to leeward, the water at every lee lurch making its way down the gangways; our stay-sail also was split and torn to pieces by the force of this breaker. As soon as the stroke had ascertain the quantity of water in the passed, all on deck at the time were ship's hold, and to endeavor as quickstriving to secure the safest place, at ly as possible, to turn over and secure the weather side of the ship. I had the ballast. This last operation we gained a station on her side, by the completed, by lashing amidships, main channel, Wright, the old sea- bights of cable, and spars, fore and

the force of the gale on the upper or weather yard-arm of the fore-course. that the ship's head was paying off from the wind and sea, the thought occurred to me that if we could now but humor her with the fore-sail, she might go around on the other tack and yet save us. Bidding Wright to follow, we crossed by the fair leader from the main rigging down to the main-mast, by which the fore-braces lead: here I directed him to cast off the weather-brace, and pass it to his shipmates on the other side, to haul in upon; at the same time, by gradually loosing the lee one, (the lee yard-arm and lurch of the fore-course dragging in the water) kept the ship going off around before the wind, and as she went off partially righting, the helm then being put hard a-weather, and getting headway on her, she fortunately went around, and came to on the other, the larboard tack, with about two streaks of her deck under water, on the now weather side, with such a rank heel to windward, against the gale, as enabled those below to come on deck.

At this moment, Captain R., started from his rest by the noise and confusion, appeared seeking anxiously to know whether all was safe. He was answered, the only loss was the mizen stay-sail; when, after looking around, he ordered the fore-sail to be trimmed. to bouse taut the fore-braces, brace all the vards about, and all hands, except two seamen, were sent below, to man, by my side; when, observing by aft, to the stanchions, so as to prevent

the ballast from shifting again, and them (while we were proceeding to pumps soon freed her.

the repeated gusts of wind which continualy swept over our deck, together with the shrieking and crying of the abate, and twenty-four hours' time, women and children, made these few we were favored by a moderate and hours (so nearly fatal) to be the most leading breeze. Three days after, we wretched of my life.

aged, were devoutly engaged at pray- company. A few days more of makout through the storm. Some diffi- voyage, and saw us safely returned culty was experienced in persuading to New York.

then trimming it over to the starboard, regulate the ballast) that the danger until the ship was brount "upon her was nearly over; their young men, legs," when, to our great joy, the however, readily consented to assist us while busy below, and worked most The awfulness of the night, in ad- faithfully, as men usually do, when dition to the heaving of the ship, and their lives, and all they possess, are at stake.

Shortly after, the storm began to had soundings on the Grand Bank, Nothing could exceed the terror of where we caught a few fine cod; these the steerage passengers during this excellent fish came very acceptable to gale: many of the principal, and most our passengers, as well as to the ship's ers, not expecting the ship could hold ing and taking in sail, concluded the

#### AFTERMATH

COURTEEN years after the World War we at the Institute are still age 41, a ship's carpenter. He joined making efforts to rehabilitate lives the Canadian forces and went to broken by the worst conflict in the France in 1915. He was badly shell history of mankind. For example, shocked and suffered from amnesia there is Gerald E., only 33 years old, and completely forgot about his early He has been a second mate, but an life in the United States. His family acute lung and chest condition result- thought he was killed. For fifteen ing from gas poisoning has weakened vears he sailed on British ships under him to such an extent that it is diffi- the name of Stuart D. . . . By some cult for him to perform his duties on chance, his real identity was verified shipboard. He is very well known at and the authorities deported him to the Institute and is well liked and respected by both seamen and staff York without funds and so bewildered members. Always cheerful and by his strange awakening he could friendly, Gerald is bearing his burden only remember that he had been told with more grace than many would un- to return to his home in this country. der the same circumstances. The He did not know where that home other day he received a letter from was. The Institute secured the ad-Washington asking him to report dress (in Florida) from the State Dethere to arrange an increase in his pension. We provided his transportation. There goes a handsome, ambitious, intelligent young man but with his health ruined.

Another war tragedy is Sandy G., America. He arrived here in New partment and provided subsistence until communication with Sandy's relatives was established.

Human values shattered by warfare!

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#### JOTTINGS FROM THE S. C. L. LOG

### This image cannot be shown due to copyright restrictions



Courtesy G. P. Putnam Sons

#### An Institute Neighbor

THE New York Aquarium at Battery Park, just a few blocks from the Institute, is a mecca for tourists. Our sailors, too, like to visit this strange dwelling place of fishes.

The woman who answers the numberless questions about fish which are asked each d' v over the telephone, and in person, is Mrs. Margaret Kerns. The Bible tells us that Job held the record for patience, but surely Mrs. Kerns would be a close runner-up for the title. "Fishy" questions such as, "Please let me speak with Mr. Sea Lion," or "Connect me manent agencies of relief and betterwith Mr. Al E. Gator," when repeated dozens of times each day over the wires by people who think they have administration, and which are now in invented the puns themselves, are enough to test the patience of a Job. But the seamen ask intelligent questions, says Mrs. Kerns.

creatures at the Aquarium is the sea New York Times, October 15, 1932.

horse. The father sea horse does the breeding: carrying and hatching the eggs in a pouch like a kangaroo's. He has a head like a horse, but is not related to the equine. He has a prehensile tail, but has no connection whatever with monkeys. He has a pouch. but couldn't be called a marsupial. He is, in short, says Mrs. Kerns, "a highly specialized offshoot, and from the way he holds his head when he swims. it seems that he is proud of his unique traits. When born, they're the size of mosquitoes, but the babies might be called 'sea colts.' "

#### Permanent Relief Agencies

**-**ITIZENS of New York are setting - about their preparations for the coming months of stress. Yet there is danger that in the pressure of this emergency work, the agencies and institutions which have stood year in and year out for those forms of permanent relief which modern society always requires, will be overlooked and hampered . . . This is, no doubt, partly the result of the hard times and heavy taxes which have disabled many once wealthy contributors from giving to these charitable institutions so generously as they used to do. It is probable also that the very acuteness of the situation of millions out of jobs, has tended to obscure in some minds the importance of maintaining the perment which have been built up through years of wise planning and danger of having their beneficent activities seriously impaired.

They are needed now more than ever, and will be needed from one One of the most curious water generation to another. - Editorial,

#### A RECORD OF SERVICE TO MERCHANT SEAMEN



39,801 Books and Magazines Distributed

#### Some of the services rendered to worthy sailormen by the SEAMEN'S CHURCH INSTITUTE OF NEW YORK from January 1st to to October 1st, 1932:

282,356 Lodging Provided in Dormitories and Rooms (including emergency beds) 227.329 Meals Served in Cafeteria 472,995 Sales Made at Soda Fountain 31,525 Pieces of Baggage Checked 39,801 Books and Magazines Distributed 48,656 Special Social Service Needs Filled 13.391 Relief Loans 5,579 Seamen Given Relief 3,757 Cases Treated in Dispensary, Dental and Eye Clinics 1.081 Positions Procured for Seamen 177 Missing Seamen Located 166 Religious Services Attended by 9,184 Seamen 21,323 Services Rendered at Barber Shop, Tailor Shop and Laundry 37.205 Information Desk Interviews 4,394 Articles of Clothing and 2,260 Knitted Articles Distributed

127 Entertainments in Auditorium Attended by 90,732 Seamen

\$258,594.75 Received for Safekeeping or Transmission to Seamen's Families

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